Q1: What is php?

PHP is a worker side scripting language. that is utilized to create Static sites or Dynamic sites or Web applications. PHP represents Hypertext Pre-processor, that prior represented Personal Home Pages. PHP contents must be deciphered on a worker that has PHP introduced. The customer PCs getting to the PHP contents require an internet browser in particular.

A PHP document contains PHP labels and finishes with the augmentation ".php".Q2: PHP is a frontend language? (True/False)

A2: False.

Q3: Mention 5 special characters in PHP

* A3: & (ampersand) becomes &amp;
* " (double quote) becomes &quot;
* ' (single quote) becomes &#039;
* < (less than) becomes &lt;
* > (greater than) becomes &gt;

Q4: Write a PHP program to print “Hello World!”?

<body>

<?php echo '<p>Hello World!</p>'; ?>

</body>

Q5: What is the use of strtolower()?

The strtolower() function converts a string to lowercase.

Example:

<?php

name = "supreet"; name\_in\_lowercase = strtolower($name); echo "Name: ", name\_in\_lowercase;

?>

// supreet

Q6: What is ucfirst?

ucfirst() function makes first character of a string to uppercase.

Q7: What is strcmp()?

The strcmp() function compares two strings.

Example:

<?php echo strcmp("Hello world!","Hello world!");

?>

Output : 0

If this function returns 0, the two strings are equal.

Q8: Difference between global and local variable.

A8:

1. Local variable is proclaimed inside a capacity though Global variable is announced external the capacity.

1. Local factors are made when the capacity has begun execution and is lost when the capacity ends, then again, Global variable is made as execution begins and is lost when the program closes.

1. Local variable doesn't give information sharing though Global variable gives information sharing.

1. Local factors are put away on the stack while the Global variable are put away on a fixed area chose by the compiler.

1. Parameters passing is needed for neighborhood factors though it isn't vital for a worldwide variable.

Q9: Write a php program to multiply two numbers.

$product = $num1 \* $num2;

Example:

<?php

$num1 = 4

$num1 = 5

$product = $num1 \* $num2; echo $product ;

?>

Q10: What is an array? Give an example.

A cluster is a unique variable, which can hold more than each incentive in turn.

Example:

<?php

$cars = array("lindt", "cadbury", "kitkat");